LL.B. 3 YEARS

CURRICULUM AND SYLLABUS

(Based on Choice Based Credit System)
Effective from the Academic Year

2016 – 2017

SCHOOL OF LAW
DEPARTMENT OF LEGAL STUDIES
# CURRICULUM

Total Number of Credits: 150

## FIRST YEAR

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# LIST OF DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSES

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<td>Gender Justice and Feminist Jurisprudence</td>
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## LIST OF GENERIC ELECTIVE COURSES OFFERED TO OTHER DEPARTMENTS

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SEMESTER – I
Course Objective: The course law of contracts seeks to regulate the behavior between persons making contracts. The Indian Contract Act occupies the most important place in the Commercial Law. Without contract Act, it would have been difficult to carry on trade or any other business activity and in employment law. It is not only the business community which is concerned with the Contract Act, but it affects everybody. Thus, the objective of the Contract Act is to ensure that the rights and obligations arising out of a contract are honored and that legal remedies are made available to those who are affected.

UNIT – I HISTORY, NATURE, DEFINITIONS, PROPOSAL, ACCEPTANCE AND CONSIDERATION 15

Moral Basis for Contractual Obligations – Subjective and Objective Theories- Sanctity of Contracts- Agreement and Contract – Definitions- Elements and Different Kinds.


UNIT – II CAPACITY TO CONTRACT AND FREE CONSENT 15

Meaning - Incapacity Arising out of Status and Mental Defect - Minor's Agreements - Restitution - Fraud by a Minor - Ratification and Estoppel - Other Illustrations of Incapacity.


UNIT – III LEGALITY OF OBJECTS, QUASI CONTRACTS, E – CONTRACTS AND GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS 15

Legality of Objects - Void Agreements - Lawful and Unlawful Considerations-Objects - Void, Voidable-Illegal and Unlawful Agreements-Their Effects.

Meaning and Nature of Quasi Contracts or Certain Relations Resembling those Created by Contract.

Electronic Contracts – Their Formation, Authentication and Other Developments.

UNIT – IV DISCHARGE OF A CONTRACT AND ITS VARIOUS MODES


UNIT – V REMEDIES IN CONTRACTUAL RELATIONS AND SPECIFIC RELIEF ACT, 1963


TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: This course is to make students understand the various principles of tort law by the way of analysing the historical evolution of the tort law. The nature of tort and the importance of law of torts also discussed elaborately. The course also helps the students to understand the conditions of liability with established cases along with the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.

UNIT – I EVOLUTION, DEFINITION, NATURE, SCOPE AND OBJECTS OF LAW OF TORTS


UNIT – II JUSTIFICATION IN TORTS


UNIT – III NEGLIGENCE & VICARIOUS LIABILITY, ABSOLUTE AND STRICT LIABILITY

Basic Concepts - Theories of Negligence - Standards of Care - Duty to take care- Carelessness in Adverrence - Doctrine of Contributive Negligence - Res Ipsa Loquitor and Its Importance - Vicarious & Strict Liability - Meaning— Special Relationship- Master and Servant- Control Test – Borrowed Servant- Independent Contractor- Principal and Agent- Corporation and Principal Officer - The Rule in Ryland Vs. Fletcher- The Bhopal Disaster, Oleum Gas Escape - M.C.Mehta Case.
UNIT – IV  TORTS AGAINST PERSONS & PROPERTY  15


UNIT – V  CONSUMER PROTECTION LAW & MOTOR VEHICLES ACT  15

Consumer Protection Act, 1986: Salient Features of the Act- Duty to Take Care and Liability for Negligence- Manufacturers and Traders and Providers of Services Such as Lawyers- Doctors and Other Professional- Caveat Emptor and Caveat Vendator- Deceit and False Advertisement- Forums for Adjudication.


TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS


REFERENCE BOOKS

Course Objective: This course is designed to understand the meaning of crime, methods of controlling them and the essential principles of criminal liability by a study of a range of offences under the Indian Penal Code.

UNIT – I  CONSTITUENTS OF CRIME AND GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF CRIMINAL LIABILITY  

UNIT – II  GENERAL EXCEPTIONS  
Judicial Acts (Sec.77, 78)-Mistake of Fact (Sec. 76-79)-Defence of Accident (Sec.80)-Defence of Necessity (Sec.81)-Defence of Minority (Sec. 82,83)-Defence of Insanity (Sec.84)-Defence of Intoxication (Sec. 85,86)-Consent (Sec. 87-92)- Right of Private Defence (Sec. 95 to 106)- Abetment (Sec. 107- 120)- Criminal Conspiracy (Sec. 120A and 120B).

UNIT – III  OFFENCES AGAINST HUMAN BODY  

UNIT – IV OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY  
Theft- Extortion- Robbery- Dacoity – Criminal Misappropriation of Property – Criminal Breach of Trust- Cheating- Mischief- Criminal Trespass.

UNIT – V  OFFENCES AGAINST STATE  
Waging War Against the State – Assaulting High Officer- Sedition- Suffering Escape or Harbouring a State Prisoner or Prisoner of War.

TOTAL: 75H
TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: The purpose of the course is to acquaint the students with basic postulates of the Constitution like the constitutional supremacy, rule of law and concept of liberty. The emphasis is on the salient features of Indian Constitution, Fundamental Rights and Freedoms enshrined under the Constitution of India. Further, it discusses Directive Principles of State Policy and also Fundamental Duties.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION

UNIT – II FEATURES OF INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS

UNIT – III RIGHT TO EQUALITY AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS

UNIT – IV RELIGIOUS RIGHTS AND CONSTITUTIONAL REMEDIES

UNIT – V DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES OF STATE POLICY AND FUNDAMENTAL DUTIES

TOTAL: 75H
TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
LEGAL LANGUAGE AND  
16LLB005  
LEGAL WRITING INCLUDING  
4 1 0 4  
GENERAL ENGLISH

Course Objective: This course intended to the law students for their practical application of legal language. It helps the aspirant law students in utilizing various sources in law. The course further helps to strengthen the legal knowledge and its practical applicability.

UNIT – I NEED AND IMPORTANCE OF LEGAL LANGUAGE  
Introduction – Importance and Relevance of Legal Language to Practice Law- Current Development with Technology and Law.

UNIT – II PROFICIENCY IN GENERAL ENGLISH  
Parts and Types of Sentences - Parts of Speech – A Brief Introduction - Tenses: Forms and Use - Active and Passive Voice - Direct and Indirect (or Reported) Speech - Some Common Mistakes in English.

UNIT – III LEGAL TERMINOLOGY WRITING OF CASE COMMENT  
Understanding Physical Structure of a Case Reported in Legal Journals such as A.I.R.-S.C.C.- Scale- J.T. etc.- General Introduction of Doctrine of Precedent - Precedent as Source of Law (Ratio Decidendi and Obiter Dictum)- Circumstances Which Destroy or Weaken the Binding Force of Precedent - Circumstances Which Increases the Authority of a Precedent - Method of Writing a Case Comment.

UNIT – IV SYSTEM FOR CITING DOCUMENTS IN WRITTEN WORK  

UNIT – V STANDARD MARKINGS IN PROOFREADING  
Use and Importance of Standard Markings – Marginal Marks and Their Explanations - Essay Writing on Topics of Legal Interest in English - Letter Writing in English.

TOTAL: 75H
TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: This course is intended to introduce students to the Legal and Constitutional History of India (1600-1950). Further the course also throws light on the important events how the established British legal system changed to current legal system. The pre and post- independence Indian legal system and also the functions of federal courts are pinpointed in this course

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION

The Early Charters (Charters of 1600 and 1961) and Surat Factory- Administration of Justice in Madras, Bombay and Calcutta Before 1726- Charter of 1726 and Establishment of Mayor's Court- Charter of 1753.

UNIT – II THE REGULATING ACTS

The Regulating Act, 1773- The Supreme Court of Calcutta- Bombay and Madras- Merits and Defects of Regulating Act and the Act of Settlement, 1781- Cases: (a) Trial of Raja Nand Kumar (b) Patna Case, and (c) Cossijurah Case- The Beginning of the Adalat System- The Judicial Plans of 1772 and 1774 Introduced by Warren Hastings- Judicial Reforms of Cornwallisand Bentick.

UNIT – III THE HIGH COURT


UNIT – IV THE INDIAN COUNCILS ACT


UNIT – V THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT AND FRAMING OF INDIAN CONSTITUTION


TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: Business and commerce are so much dependent on risk distribution today that insurance is adopted as an inevitable component of economic development. Starting with a study of life insurance and its administration, this course exposes the student to the expanding horizons of general insurance including fire and marine insurance. The study is comparative in as much as the development of the subject in advanced countries is looked into with the help of decisional law and commercial practice.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION

UNIT – II CONTRACT OF INSURANCE

UNIT – III LIFE INSURANCE

UNIT – IV FIRE INSURANCE
UNIT – V  MARINE INSURANCE


TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: Banking Institutions have become important players in the present day economy. They play pivotal role in the growth of trade, commerce and industry. The course is designed to primarily acquaint the students with operational parameters of banking law, and to teach the general principles of banking law and to develop appreciative faculties of the students in statutory as well as case law in this area.

UNIT – I  INTRODUCTION

Evolution of Banking Institution in India-Banking Definition-Banking Company in India-Banking Legislation in India- Common Law and Statutory- System and Classification of Banks – Essential Functions and Special Functions- Agency Services – E Banking and Recent Trends in Banking.

UNIT – II  BANKER AND CUSTOMERS


UNIT – III  LAWS RELATING TO NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS


UNIT – IV  CENTRAL BANKING THEORY AND RBI

Characteristics and Function of Central Banks – RBI as the Central Bank of India – Objectives and Organizational Structure – Functions-Regulations of the Monetary System – Monopoly of Note Issue-Credit Control-Determination of Bank Rate Policy-Open Market Operations-Banker’s Bank-Banker of Government-Control over non- banking Financial Institutions;-Economic and Statistical Research-Staff Training-Control &Supervisions of Other Banks.
UNIT – V  MISCELLANEOUS


TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS


REFERENCE BOOKS


Course Objective: In the society wherein all major ventures are getting corporatised, a law student should acquaint himself with the knowledge of special contracts apart from equipping himself with general principles of contract. This law is contained in several legislations apart from the Indian Contract Act. This course equips the students to better appreciate the legal services required in a corporate office so that he can enhance his relevance as a lawyer in society.

UNIT – I  INDEMNITY AND GUARANTEE 15


UNIT – II BAILMENT AND PLEDGE 15

Identification and Manner of Creation of Bailment – Commercial Utility of Bailment Contracts – Definition of Bailment – Kinds of Bailees – Right and Duties of Bailor and Bailee - Finder of Lost Goods as a Bailee.


UNIT – III  NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS ACT 15

UNIT – IV AGENCY


UNIT – V SALE OF GOODS ACT, 1930 AND PARTNERSHIP ACT, 1932


TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
4. Dr. S.R. Myneni, Contract (Part-1) - General Principles, Asia Law House Hyderabad, 2010-11 Ed.
Course Objective: The purpose of the course is to acquaint the students with basic postulates of the Constitution like the constitutional supremacy, rule of law and concept of liberty. The course has laid down emphasis on centre-state relations, powers and functions of President and Governor, Supreme Court and High Courts and also the emergency provisions enshrined under Indian Constitution.

UNIT – I INDIAN FEDERALISM

Federalism- Co-operative Federalism- Nature of Indian Federalism from British Raj to Swaraj- Indian Federalism vis a vis American Federalism.

UNIT – II CENTRE-STATE RELATIONS

Legislative Relations-Administration & Financial Distribution of Powers- Doctrine of Territorial Nexus- Pre-dominance of the Union Power- Power of Parliament to Legislate on Matters in the State List in the National Interest.

UNIT – III THE UNION EXECUTIVE


The Office of Governor- Powers and Functions of Governor- Removal of Governors.

UNIT – IV JUDICIARY

Concept of Judicial Review- Concurrent Jurisdiction of Supreme Court and High Courts-
Right to Constitutional Remedies Under the Constitution- Writ Jurisdiction.

UNIT – V EMERGENCY PROVISIONS


TOTAL: 75H
TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: The knowledge of Family Law is important for lawyers. This course is designed to endow the students with knowledge of both the codified and uncodified portions of personal laws. The course concerns itself with the sources, schools, institutions, maintenance, menace of dowry, etc.

UNIT – I  APPLICATION OF HINDU LAW  
Sources of Hindu Law: Modern & Ancient - Schools of Hindu Law :Mitakshara and Dayabhaga-Difference Between the two Schools.

UNIT – II  MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE UNDER THE HINDU MARRIAGE ACT, 1955  

UNIT – III  ADOPTION And Maintenance UNDER THE HINDU ADOPTION AND MAINTENANCE ACT, 1956  
Who may take in Adoption - Who may give in Adoption - Who may be taken in Adoption - Other Conditions and Ceremonies of Adoption - Effect of Adoption - Relationship of Adopted Child.


UNIT – IV  MOHAMMEDAN LAW  
UNIT – V GUARDIANSHIP UNDER THE HINDU MINORITY AND GUARDIANSHIP ACT, 1956


TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: The objective of the course is to make the student understand the law for the acquisition of land required for public purposes, laws relating to land and land revenue in Tamil Nadu and Tamil Nadu Apartment Ownership Act, 1994.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION: MOVEMENT OF LAW REFORMS

UNIT – II LAND CEILING

UNIT – III LAWS RELATING TO ACQUISITION OF PROPERTY AND GOVERNMENTAL CONTROL AND USE OF LAND

UNIT – IV LAWS RELATING TO TENANCY REFORMS

UNIT – V TAMIL NADU APARTMENT OWNERSHIP ACT, 1994
Definitions- Salient Features and Application of the Act.

TOTAL: 75H
TEXT BOOK

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: Study of legal concepts and theories in the light of the role of law in social ordering and social engineering is a major focus of this course. Law in relation to other social controls and the relationship of law and justice are areas of special concern. Theories of justice and concepts of obligation and authority are discussed with reference to different models and patterns of ordering as well as different approaches and methodologies of study.

UNIT – I MEANING AND NATURE 15


UNIT – II SCHOOLS OF THOUGHT AND THEORIES 15


UNIT – III SOURCES OF LAW 15


UNIT – IV LEGAL CONCEPTS 15


Obligations- Personality- Person: meaning and Definition – Different Kinds of Persons (Natural Person and Juristic Person)– Legal Status of Animals, Idols and Unborn Child – Theories of Corporate Personality- Possession and Ownership.

UNIT – V THEORY AND CONCEPT OF JUSTICE 15


TOTAL: 75H
TEXT BOOKS


REFERENCE BOOKS

Course Objective: The main objective of the course is to give students grounding in the basics of Human Rights Law. It includes (a) Equipping students in a rudimentary fashion with basic knowledge and tools for human rights lawyering and to expose students to the working of human rights in practice by structured classroom discussions with human rights lawyers and activists; (b) bringing research in human rights into classroom discussions by involving the research centers in a modest manner to begin with.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION  15

UNIT – II UNIVERSAL PROTECTION OF HUMAN RIGHTS  15

UNIT – III REGIONAL PROTECTION OF HUMAN RIGHTS  15
European System – European Court of Human Right- Inter American System – African System.

UNIT – IV HUMAN RIGHTS LEGISLATIONS IN INDIA  15

UNIT – V HUMAN RIGHTS AND VULNERABLE GROUPS  15
Rights of Women, Children, Disabled, Tribals, Aged and Minorities – National and International Legal Developments.

TOTAL: 75H
TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: This course will deal with the law relating to international trade in India, International sales, transportation with reference to shipping and aviation, financing and settlement of commercial disputes will be the major components of the course. The focus will be mainly upon the international legal conventions and Indian legal system in these four areas.

UNIT – I THE POLICIES AND REALITIES OF INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC LAW

Evolution of World Trade Organization from 1947 to 1995- Organization- Structure- Power and Objective of World Trade Organization-Most Favoured Nation Treatment and National Treatment- Tariffs and Safeguards.

UNIT – II TECHNICAL BARRIERS TO TRADE


UNIT – III DISPUTE SETTLEMENT PROCESS


UNIT – IV RIGHTS OF UNPAID SELLER


UNIT – V INTERNATIONAL MONETARY LAW


TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: The object of the course is to give an overall view of GATT and the impact on international trade. This paper is aimed to impart the knowledge on International Trade and Practices. This paper provides the students an overall view of both international and national responsibilities of India in the development of International trade and IPR regime.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION


UNIT – II GATT AND OTHER INTERNATIONAL CONVENTIONS


UNIT – III GATT AND INDIA’S FOREIGN TRADE

India’s Foreign Trade: Recent Trends in India’s Foreign Trade – India’s Commercial Relations and Trade Agreements with Other Countries- Impact of GATT and WTO on India’s Trade and Foreign Policy- Problems and Perspectives.

UNIT – IV GATT, WTO & PROBLEMS OF LESS DEVELOPED COUNTRIES

General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) to its Current Manifestation in the World Trade Organization Agreement (WTO)- Economic and Political Rationale Behind Trade Liberalization and the Founding of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) and its Successor, The WTO – GATT and the Less Developed Countries (LDC)- India and its Obligation towards GATT.
UNIT – V GATT AND IPR REGIME


TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: The objectives of environmental studies are to develop a world in which persons are aware of and concerned about environment and the problems associated with it, and committed to work individually as well as collectively towards solutions of current problems and prevention of future problems.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION
The Multidisciplinary Nature Of Environment Studies – Definition - Scope And Importance - Need For Public Awareness.

UNIT – II NATURAL RESOURCES
Natural Resources And Associated Problem - Renewable And Non- Renewable Resources- Forest Resources-Mineral Resources-Food Resources- Energy Resources-Land Resources- Role Of An Individual In Conservation Of Natural Resources-Equitable Use Of Resources Of Sustainable Lifestyles.

UNIT – III ECO SYSTEM

UNIT – IV BIODIVERSITY AND ITS CONSERVATION
Introduction – Definition- Genetic, Species Ecosystem- Diversity - Bio-Geographical Classification Of India - Value Of Bio-Diversity - Bio-Diversity At Global, National And Local Levels - India as A Mega-Diversity Nation - Hot-Spots Of Diversity - Threats To Diversity: Habitats Loss, Poaching Of Wild Life, Man and Wild Life Conflicts - Endangered And Endemic Species Of India In-Situ Conversation Of Bio-Diversity.

UNIT – V ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION AND HUMAN RIGHTS
Definition – Causes- Effects And Control Measures Of: Air Pollution- Water Pollution- Soil Pollution- Marine Pollution- Noise Pollution- Thermal Pollution- Nuclear Pollution- Soil Pollution Management: Causes- Effects And Control Measures Of Urban And Industrial Wastes - Role Of An Individual In Prevention Of Pollution - Pollution – Case Studies -Disaster Management –

TOTAL: 45H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: This course deals with the basic framework of industrial relations in the country. Trade Union Act, Industrial Disputes Act and the Industrial Employment Standing Orders Act are the major legislations studied in this regard. A dynamic approach of studying issues such as recognition of trade unions, collective bargaining, dispute settlement, regulation of job losses etc., is adopted keeping a variety of laws and policies bearing on the subject in focus. The changing nature of labour relations in a market friendly system and the role of the State in it are also discussed in a comparative perspective.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION
Meaning of Industrial Relations- Object and Scope of Labour Legislation- Concept of Master and Servant Yielding Place to Employer–Employee Relationship- Prevalence of Laissez-Faire Policy- State Regulation of Labour Legislations- Necessity- Significance of Collective Bargaining- Standards set up by ILO to Govern Industrial Relations.

UNIT – II TRADE UNIONS ACT, 1926
Trade Unionism in India- Definition of Trade Union- Trade Dispute- Registration of Trade Union- Legal Status of a Registered Trade Union- Mode of Registration- Powers and Duties of Registrar- Cancellation and Dissolution of a Trade Union- Procedure for Change of Name- Amalgamation of Trade Unions- Office Areas of the Trade Union- Their Powers and Functions- Funds of the Trade Union- Immunities Granted to Office Bearers- Recognition of Trade Union and Collective Bargaining.

UNIT – III INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES ACT, 1947

UNIT – IV INDUSTRIAL EMPLOYMENT (STANDING ORDERS ACT,1946)
UNIT – V THE WORKMEN’S COMPENSATION ACT, 1923

Object of the Act- Workmen Covered by the Act- Liability of the Employer to Pay Compensation- Accident Arising out of and in the Course of Employment- Notional Extension of Employer’s Premises- Personal Injury- Occupational Diseases- Calculation of Compensation- Principal- Employer’s Right of Indemnity- Powers and Functions of the Commissioner.

TOTAL: 60H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: General principles of public international law including law of peace, war and development are the subjects of this course. Third world concerns particularly in respect of security and development engage the attention in the context of the changing power balance and the role of United Nations and international agencies in structuring the solutions. This course is concerned with the law governing international institutions.

UNIT – I MEANING AND DEVELOPMENT OF INTERNATIONAL LAW

Definition- Nature and Basis of International Law- Sources of International Law-Classical Sources and Modern Sources- Treaty Making Process- Consent to be bound by a Treaty- Norms-Subjects and Place of Individual in International Law and Municipal Law- Relationship Between International Law and Municipal Law- Codification and Progressive Development of International Law.

UNIT – II CONCEPT OF STATE AND INTERNATIONAL LAW


UNIT – III LAW OF SEA AND LAW OF AIR


UNIT – IV PACIFIC MEANS OF INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES

UNIT – V HUMAN RIGHTS


TOTAL: 60H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: The knowledge of Family Law is important for lawyers. This course is designed to endow the students with knowledge of both the codified and uncodified portions of Hindu, Muslim and Christian Laws. The course concerns itself with the sources, schools, institutions, succession, maintenance, menace of dowry, etc.

UNIT – I JOINT FAMILY AND COPARCENARY


UNIT – II THE HINDU SUCCESSION ACT 1956

Devolution of Interest With Reference to Succession to Property of a Hindu Male Dying Intestate – Concept of Stridhan and Women’s Estate- Succession to Property of a Hindu Female Dying Intestate - General Provisions Relating to Succession - Disqualifications Relating to Succession.

UNIT – III MOHEMMEDAN LAW OF INHERITANCE AND SUCCESSION


UNIT – IV INDIAN SUCCESSION ACT


UNIT – V RELIGIOUS AND CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS


TOTAL: 60H
TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: Enacted laws, i.e. Acts and Rules are drafted by legal experts. Language used will leave little or no room for interpretation or construction. But the experience of all those who have to bear and share the task of application of the law has been different. Courts and lawyers are busy in unfolding the meaning of ambiguous words and phrases and resolving inconsistencies. The statute is to be construed according ‘to the intent of them that make it’. To ascertain the true meaning, intent of the maker, numerous rules of interpretation were formulated by courts and jurists. The objective of this course is to make the student familiar with various rules of interpretation.

UNIT – I INTERPRETATION OF STATUTES


UNIT – II AIDS TO INTERPRETATION


UNIT – III PRINCIPLES & RULES OF STATUTORY INTERPRETATION


UNIT – IV TAXING, PENAL & WELFARE LEGISLATIONS


TOTAL: 60H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: This course will deal about national and international environmental concerns, the bases for them and policy responses to them both within India and internationally. The Third World dilemma between environment and development with special reference to economic approaches and human rights concerns will be considered. The course will analyse the legislative and judicial responses to environmental problems and the administrative system of environment related laws such as air, water, land, forest and hazardous substances laws. Environment advocacy and approaches for using litigation in environment protection will receive special attention.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION


UNIT – II ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY AND LAW


UNIT – III INTERNATIONAL LAW & ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

UNIT – IV PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF POLLUTION


UNIT – V FOREST AND WILDLIFE


TOTAL: 60H

TEXT BOOKS


REFERENCE BOOKS

Course Objective: The objective this course is to make students aware of the principles of international humanitarian law and enable them to specialize in the field of Human Rights Law and Humanitarian Law. It also enables the students specializing in human rights to be acquainted with laws governing the refugees.

UNIT – I  INTRODUCTION & FUNDAMENTALS OF HUMANITARIAN LAW


UNIT – II  REFUGEE LAW


UNIT – III  INSTRUMENTS OF PROTECTION AND ENFORCEMENT MACHINERY


UNIT – IV  REFUGEE LAW AND ITS REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT

UNIT – V   IMPLEMENTATION AND MONITORING

Access to Territory- Visas- Rescue at Sea- Refugee Status Determination Procedure-
Leaving Territory- UNHCR: United Nations and United Nations High Commissioner on Human

TOTAL: 60H

TEXT BOOKS
1. Ravindra Pratap, “India’s Attitude towards IHL”, in Mani (ed.),

REFERENCE BOOKS
1. Vibeke Eggli, Mass Refugee Influx and the Limits of Public International Law,
3. Md Jahid Hossain Bhulyan, Louise Doswald Beck & Azizur Rahman Chowdhury,
Course Objective: This course seeks to provide the investment mechanism in India and the regulatory framework for the protection of investor and other stakeholders of the market.

UNIT – I  INTRODUCTION  12


UNIT – II  SHARES  12

Definition and Nature - Shares and Shareholders - Stock and Shares - Certificate of Shares - Call on Shares - Lien on Shares - Minimum Subscription - Share Capital - Issue and Allotment of Shares - Transfer and Transmission of Shares - Debentures, Charges and Deposits - Inter-Corporate Loans and Investments.

UNIT – III  SECURITIES CONTRACTS  12


UNIT – IV  SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD (SEBI)  12


UNIT – V  DEPOSITORIES ACT  12

Salient Features - Agreement Between Depository and Participant - Registration of Transfer of Securities with Depository - Stamp Duty on Transfer - Non-Banking Financial Institutions.

TOTAL: 60H
TEXT BOOKS


REFERENCE BOOKS

Course Objective: Free exchange of ideas is a basic pillar of a democratic society. Corruption thrives in sacred places, therefore it is stated that sunlight is the best disinfectant. There should be governance in sunshine. The course is designed to convince the students how the right to information infuses transparency and accountability in governance, preventing abuse of power.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION
Right to Information- Meaning- Importance- Governance Before Right to Information Act, 2005- Significance of Right to Information in Democracy- Constitutional Basis- Article 19(1), (2) and Article 21- Awareness of Right to Information- Education Related to Right to Information- Exposure of Scams through Right to Information- Supreme Court on right to information.

UNIT – II RIGHT TO INFORMATION AND PUBLIC AUTHORITIES

UNIT – III PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICERS AND RIGHT TO INFORMATION ACT
Role of Public Information Officers- Specific Duties and Responsibilities of Information Officers- Liabilities of Public Information Officers for non-compliance with the Provisions of the Act- Process of Disposal of Information Requests- The Fees and Costs to be Charged for Providing Information- Grounds on which Request can be Rejected.

UNIT – IV EXEMPTIONS FROM DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION
UNIT – V POWERS AND FUNCTIONS OF AUTHORITIES UNDER RIGHT TO INFORMATION


TOTAL: 60H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: The objective of this course is to sensitize students to their communicative behaviour and to enable them to reflect and improve on their communicative behaviour/performance. The paper aims to build capacities for self-criticism and facilitate growth. This would lead the students to effective performances in communication thereby facilitating development in their vocabulary.

UNIT – I LANGUAGE SKILLS

UNIT – II FLUENCY BUILDING

UNIT – III PRINCIPLES OF COMMUNICATION

UNIT – IV SPEAKING AND LISTENING SKILLS

UNIT – V READING AND WRITING SKILLS

TOTAL: 45H
TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
அக்கோட்டம் - I  குடிமூலியாச்செலவு

இந்த கலாச்சாரத்தில் நேரலை முறையாக அவர்களை வழங்கும் உறைகள் மற்றும் துறவுகள் தொடர்பினால் குடிமூலியாச்செலவு நம்பிக்கை படைக்கப்பட்டது. அவர்களின் குடிமூலியாச்செலவு மற்றும் துறவுகளுக்கு செலவு நம்பிக்கை படைக்கப்பட்டது. ஆண்டு இருபத்து நாட்களுடைய சிறுநோய்களின் எண்ணிக்கை பெருக்கம் உண்டாக்கவும் அமைக்கப்பட்டது.

அக்கோட்டம் - II  குடிமூலியாச்செலவு

உள்ளே நேரலை வழங்கும் உறைகள் மற்றும் துறவுகள் தொடர்பினால் குடிமூலியாச்செலவு நம்பிக்கை படைக்கப்பட்டது.
அமைப்பு-III அவியலியக முன்புறப்படுத்தல்

கருப்பெட்டு பெரியகையில் - கூற்றுச் சாதனையில் இருக்கும் தீவு

பதிச்சாலியில் கொண்டு கையேற்றுதல்: அதிக பக்கம் - தொகுதியாக உறுப்பினர்.

கருப்பெட்டு-தொகுதியாக கையேற்றுதல்: பதிச்சாலியில் கொண்டு கையேற்றுதல் -

கருப்பெட்டு-தொகுதியாக உறுப்பினர் - பிரம்பியகரம்-பெரிய பக்கம் - முக்கிய தொகுதி - எளிய பக்கம்.

அமைப்பு-IV பதிச்சாலியக முன்புறப்படுத்தல்

தொகுதி பெட்டு பெரியகையில் - பதிச்சாலியக பெரியகையில் -

தொகுதியாக உறுப்பினர்: கொண்டு கையேற்றுதல் - பதிச்சாலியில் கொண்டு கையேற்றுதல் -

பதிச்சாலியில் உறுப்பினர் - பிரம்பியகரம்-பெரிய பக்கம்.

அமைப்பு-V பிரம்பியகரம்

தொகுதி பெட்டு - பிரம்பியகரம் - பிரம்பியகரம் - புருஷாகம்

தொகுதியாக உறுப்பினர்: கொண்டு கையேற்றுதல் - பதிச்சாலியில் கொண்டு கையேற்றுதல் -

பிரம்பியகரம்-பெரிய பக்கம் - முக்கிய தூண் - எளிய பக்கம் -

பிரம்பியகரம்: பிரம்பியகரம்-பெரிய பக்கம் - முக்கிய தூண் -

பிரம்பியகரம்-பெரிய பக்கம் - முக்கிய தூண் -

பிரம்பியகரம்-பெரிய பக்கம் - முக்கிய தூண் -

முக்கிய தூண் - எளிய பக்கம்.

முறையில்: 45 முறைச் செய்யலாம்
தரசன்


பாராத்தையல்


Course Objective: At a time when the knowledge of a foreign language has become an indispensable tool, this course in French will give an opportunity for learners to get a basic knowledge of a widely used European language. The course is based on a minimum vocabulary necessary and allows the learner to develop elementary communication skills in French

UNIT – I  INTRODUCTION

Introduction - Alphabet – Comment prononcer, écrire et lire les mots- Base : Les prénoms personnel de 1ère, 2ème et 3ème personnes – Conjugaisons les verbes être et avoir en forme affirmative, négative et interrogative

UNIT – II  Leçons 1- 3


UNIT – III  Leçons 4- 6


UNIT– IV  Leçons 7- 9


UNIT – V  COMPOSITION

A écrire une lettre à un ami l’invitant à une célébration différente ex : mariage – A faire le dialogue - A lire le passage et répondre aux questions

TOTAL : 45H
TEXT BOOK


REFERENCE BOOKS

SEMESTER – IV
Course Objective: The course begins by examining theoretical issues relating to the informal/unorganised/disorganised sector. It then proceeds to look at those employed in textiles, fisheries, construction and agriculture. Each sector is examined from the prism of the political economy of that sector, including the impact of trade related measures (WTO), the policies of the Government of India on each of these Sectors, legislative interventions if any, judicial pronouncements and innovative alternate strategies. The course concludes by looking at the theoretical and practical issues related to "Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work, 1998", as laid down in the ILO declaration.

UNIT – I THE FACTORIES ACT, 1948  12


UNIT – II MINIMUM WAGES ACT  12


UNIT – III PAYMENT OF BONUS ACT  12


UNIT – IV SOCIAL SECURITY AND WELFARE MEASURES  12


Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972: Background, Object and Definitions - Eligibility for Payment of Gratuity – Forfeiture-Exemption-Determination - Controlling Authority – Penalties.

Unit – V THE EMPLOYEE’S PROVIDENT FUNDS AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS ACT, 1952

Scope –Coverage-Application and Definitions - Authorities, Their Powers and Functions-Contributions - Employees Provident Fund Scheme- Employees’ Pension Scheme and Deposit Linked Insurance Scheme - Penalties.

TOTAL: 60H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: The law of Evidence has its own significance amongst Procedural Laws. The knowledge of law of Evidence is indispensable for a lawyer. Teaching Criminal & Civil procedure is incomplete without evidence law. Law of evidence is equally important for understanding a variety of subjects in the law curriculum. Facts, fact investigation, facts appraisal and articulation are essential skills for a lawyer. The principles of relevancy and admissibility as well as the essence of the 'best evidence rule' are discussed with reference to the provisions of the Evidence Act and interpretations offered in decided cases. The course is designed to acquaint the students with the rules of evidence in relation to relevancy of facts and proof. In addition they are introduced to law relating to production of evidence.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION & CENTRAL CONCEPTIONS IN LAW OF EVIDENCE


UNIT – II RELEVANCY AND ADMISSIBILITY OF CONFESSIONS

General Principles Concerning Confession- Differences Between “Admission” and “Confession” – Non- Admissibility of Confessions Caused by “Any Inducement, Threat or Promise” – Inadmissibility of Confession made Before a Police Officer – Admissibility of Custodial Confessions – Admissibility of “Information” Received from Accused Person in Custody with Special Reference to Discovery Based on “Joint Statement” – Confession by Co-accused – The Problems with the Judicial Action Based on a “Retracted Confession- Dying Declaration- The Justification for Relevance of Dying Declarations – The Judicial Standards for Appreciation of Evidentiary Value- Section 32(1) with Reference to English Law- Other Statements by Persons who cannot be called as Witnesses– Conclusive Evidence- Relevance of Judgements- Admissibility of Judgments in Civil and Criminal Matters - “Fraud” and “Collusion”.

UNIT – III ORAL AND DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE 12


UNIT – IV BURDEN OF PROOF AND PRINCIPLE OF ESTOPPEL 12

General Principles-Conception of Onus-Probans and Onus-Probandi – General and Special Exceptions to Onus Probandi – The Justification of Presumption and Burden of Proof With Special Reference to Presumption to Legitimacy of Child and Presumption as to DowryDeath- Doctrine of Judicial Notice and Presumptions.


UNIT – V WITNESS, EXAMINATION AND CROSS EXAMINATIONS 12


TOTAL: 60H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: A major concern in the course is to relate the economic policies and processes to tax and fiscal policies in different systems of economic administration keeping the constitutional goals in view. Direct taxes, Indirect taxes and its administration is the focus of this course. It is organised around a phenomenon based grouping to facilitate perception of the wide variety of issues revolving around indirect taxation and local taxation like the motives, history, and fountain of authority for indirect and local taxation. Analysis of the existing indirect and local taxation systems and structures and the political, social, economic and legal effects of indirect local taxation together with the judicial perception of the same will also be studied.

UNIT – I CONCEPT OF TAX


UNIT – II INCOME TAX AUTHORITIES


UNIT – III CENTRAL EXCISE LAWS


UNIT – IV CUSTOMS LAWS

UNIT – V   CENTRAL SALES TAX LAWS

Evolution and Scope of Levy of Central Sales Tax – Inter – State Sale Outside a State and Sale in the Course of Import and Export – Basic Principles – Registration of Dealers and Determination of Taxable Turnover- Service Tax – Main Features of Service Tax- VAT – Introduction to Value Added Tax- Recent Amendments.

TOTAL: 60H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: The objective of this course is to focus on concept and classification of property as well as principles governing transfer of immovable property and easements. The prime focus will be on the study of the concept of ‘Property’, the ‘nature of property rights’ and the general principles governing the transfer of property. A detailed study of the substantive law relating to particular transfers, such as sale, mortgage, lease, exchange, gift and actionable claims will also be undertaken.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION AND DEFINITIONS

Jurisprudential Contours of Property – Possession and Ownership- Object and Scope of the Transfer of Property, 1882- Concept and Meaning of Property- Interpretation Clause- Definition of Transfer of Property- Subject Matter of Transfer- Persons Competent to Transfer- Kinds of Property - Movable and Immovable Property - Tangible and Intangible Property - Intellectual Property- Copyright, Patents and Designs-Trademarks.

UNIT – II GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF TRANSFER

General Principles of Transfer of Property Whether Movable or Immovable – What may be Transferred- Oral Transfer- Transfer for the Benefit of Unborn Person- Rule Against Perpetuity- Vested and Contingent Interests- Conditional Transfer- Doctrine of Election- Apportionment- Transfer of Property by Ostensible Owner (Section 41)- Transfer by Unauthorized Person who Subsequently Acquires Interest in Property Transferred- Transfer by One Co-owner- Joint Transfer for Consideration- Priority of Rights Created by Transfer- Fraudulent Transfer- Doctrine of LisPendens,- Doctrine of Part-Performance.

UNIT – III SPECIFIC TRANSFERS OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES

Sale – Definition of Sale- Rights and Liabilities of Buyer and Seller- Marshalling by Subsequent Purchaser- Mortgage – Definition of Mortgage and Kinds of Mortgage (Section 58-59)- Rights and Liabilities of Mortgagor (Section 60 to 66)- Rights and Liabilities of Mortgagee (Section 67 to 77)- Priority (Section 78 to 80)- Doctrine of Subrogation- Charge (Section 100)- Lease – Definition of Lease- Rights and Liabilities of Lessor and Lessee (Section 105 to 108)- Different Modes of Determination of Lease (Section 111)- Gifts (Section 122 to 129)- Exchanges and Actionable Claims.
UNIT – IV EASEMENTS


UNIT – V RECORDATION OF PROPERTY RIGHTS


TOTAL: 60H

TEXT BOOKS


REFERENCE BOOKS

Course Objective: Even after 50 years of Adoption of the Constitution, for women, equality with man appears to be a distant mirage to be reached. Effective political representation of women in Legislature and other forums too has become a difficult proposition to be acceptable. Breach of her personality, through various forms of violence, too has not subsided. The course will Study, what are the legal provisions enacted to ameliorate these situations with special emphasis on Indian Municipal Law and what is the scope and shortcomings in the existing legal regime in this regard.

UNIT– I WOMEN AND INTERNATIONAL INSTRUMENTS


UNIT– II WOMEN IN PRE-CONSTITUTION AND POST - CONSTITUTION PERIOD


UNIT– III LAW RELATING TO CRIMES AGAINST WOMEN

Dowry Death- Honour Killings- Acid Attacks- Female Infanticide- Abetment to Suicide of a Married Women- Outraging the Modesty of Women – Stalking- Kidnapping – Abduction- Importation of Girl (Sec. 366-B)- Sexual Assault: Rape- Custodial Rape- Marital Rape- Gang Rape- Adultery- Cruelty by Husband and Relatives of Husband (Sec. 498A).

UNIT– IV WOMEN AND SOCIAL LEGISLATIONS


UNIT– V WOMEN AND OTHER LAWS

Inheritance under Christian Law - Inheritance under Muslim Law - Matrimonial Property Law - Right of Women to be Guardian of her Minor Sons and Daughters.


**TOTAL: 60H**

**TEXT BOOKS**


**REFERENCE BOOKS**

Course Objective: The Information Technology Act, 2000 is called as the Cyber Law of India. This Act has brought about multifarious changes in much other substantive and procedural legislation such as the Contract Act, the Indian Penal Code, the Indian Evidence Act etc. The aim of this course is to make the learner understand various facets of Cyber Law and its impact on modern world which has now been shrunken into a global village.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION

Concept of Information Technology and Cyber Space- Interface of Technology and Law - Jurisdiction in Cyber Space and Jurisdiction in Traditional Sense - Internet Jurisdiction - Indian Context of Jurisdiction - Enforcement Agencies-International Position of Internet Jurisdiction - Cases in Cyber Jurisdiction.

UNIT – II INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ACT, 2000


UNIT – III E-COMMERCE


UNIT – IV CYBER LAW AND IPRS

Understanding Copy Right in Information Technology - Software - Copyright vs Patents Debate - Authorship and Assignment Issues - Copyright in Internet - Multimedia and Copyright Issues - Software Piracy –Patents - Understanding Patents - European Position on Computer Related Patents - Legal Position of U.S. on Computer Related Patents - Indian Position on Computer Related Patents – Trademarks - Trademarks in Internet - Domain Name Registration -
UNIT – V  CYBER CRIMES


TOTAL: 60H

TEXT BOOKS


REFERENCE BOOKS

Course Objective: The purpose of a course on forensic science is to provide law students with an intensive focus on science and the legal process, and to give them in-depth knowledge of the scientific methodologies and the quantification of evidence that have become a regular feature of current-day civil and criminal litigation.

UNIT – I  INTRODUCTION
12

UNIT – II  PERSONAL IDENTITY
12

UNIT – III  DEATH AND ITS MEDICO-LEGAL ASPECT
12

UNIT – IV  INSANITY IN ITS MEDICO-LEGAL ASPECT
12
Introduction-Cause of Mental Ill Health- Indication of Mental Health- Classification of Mental Diseases-Feigned Mental ill health- Criminal Responsibility.
UNIT –V QUESTIONED DOCUMENTS


TOTAL: 60H

TEXT BOOKS


REFERENCE BOOKS

**Course Objective:** This course enables the students to examine the theoretical constructs in the concepts of development and development administration. It provides a clear understanding of the development issues, strategies and approaches that should be considered under different national, social, economic and administrative settings. The course provides information about the importance on citizen participation in development.

**UNIT – I INTRODUCTION**

Development Administration – Meaning- Nature and Scope- Importance - Development Administration and Traditional Administration - Characteristics of Administration in Developed and Developing Countries – Comparative Public Administration.

**UNIT – II BUREAUCRACY AND DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION**


**UNIT – III PLANNING MACHINERY AND DEVELOPMENT PLANNING IN INDIA**


**UNIT – IV ECOLOGICAL DIMENSIONS OF DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION**

Sustainable Development - Environmental Hazards – Environment and Development – Environmental Problems in India – Legislative Measures and Administrative Action.

**UNIT – V CITIZEN PARTICIPATION IN DEVELOPMENT**


**TOTAL: 60H**
TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: This paper ensures students to have a clear understanding of the basic concepts of NSS and emphasizes on NSS programs and activities for the involvement of youth in contributing to the society.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION AND BASIC CONCEPTS OF NSS

History- Philosophy-Aims and Objectives of NSS – Emblem-Flag-Moto-Song-Badge etc – Organisational Structure-Roles and Responsibilities of Functionaries.

UNIT – II NSS PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES

Concept of Regular Activities-Special Camping- Day Camps – Basis of Adoption of Village/Slums-Methodology of conducting Survey – Financial Pattern of the Scheme – Other Youth Programs/Schemes of GOI – Coordination with different Agencies - Maintenance of the Diary.

UNIT – III UNDERSTANDING YOUTH

Definition-Profile of Youth-Categories of Youth-Issues-Challenges and Opportunities for Youth – Youth as an Agent of Social Change – Delinquency – Impact of Information Technology on Youth.

UNIT – IV COMMUNITY MOBILIZATION

Mapping of Community Stakeholders – Designing the Message in the Context of the Problem and the Culture of the Community – Identifying Methods of Mobilization – Youth Adult Partnership.

UNIT – V VOLUNTEERISM AND SHRAMDAN

Indian Tradition of Volunteerism – Need and Importance of Volunteerism – Motivation and Constraints of Volunteerism – Shramdan as a part of Volunteerism.

TOTAL: 30H
TEXT BOOKS


REFERENCE BOOK

16LLB204

TAMIL – II

குறிப்பிட்டுத்தொகுதி பாடப்படத்த்

1001

அக்காதம் முன்னேற்றக் கூறு மற்றும் சுருக்குகளில் படைப்படும் தொழில்முறை அல்லது மற்றொரே தொழில்முறை

அல்லது மற்றொரே தொழில்முறை மற்றும் சுருக்குகளில் படைப்படும் தொழில்முறை அல்லது மற்றொரே தொழில்முறை.

அந்தசாரமும் முன்னேற்றக் கூறு மற்றும் சுருக்குகளில் படைப்படும் தொழில்முறை அல்லது மற்றொரே தொழில்முறை.

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அண்டி - 5 ஆண்டில்

கொடி - என்றுகொண்டே - என்று கொண்டு - என்று கொண்டு - என்று கொண்டு.

மைதியில்: 30வாவண்டம்

திமங்கள்


2. திரு.விசயத்துமரசாநாயக், “முனலற்றநிலையத்தில் பலவூடு”, முனுவெனிலி, முனப்பதிவு, முனநாயக், முனப்பதிவு, 2011.


முனாய்க்குருக்கள்


Course Objective: This course continues from the Level I in permitting the students to develop further their language and communication skills in French. The learners will improve their stock of vocabulary and will acquire more structures that will serve to put them more at ease when using French in the classroom and outside. The course will enable the students to have an idea of the French culture and civilization.

UNIT – I Leçons 10 – 11

UNIT – II Leçons 12 – 13
Leçons : 12. Tout est bien qui fini bien,- 13. Aux armes citoyens – Réponsesaux questions tirés de la leçon - Grammaire : Les pronoms « en ou y » rapporter des paroles - Les pronoms relatifs que, qui, ou où ,

UNIT– III Leçons 14 – 15
Leçons 14. Qui ne risqué rien n’a rien,- 15. La fortune sourit aux audacieux –Réponses aux questions tirés de la leçon - Grammaire : Comparaison – Lesphrases au passé composé

UNIT – IV Leçons 16 – 18
Leçons16 La publicite et nos reves 17 La france le monde 18 Campagnepublicitaire Réponses aux questions tirés de la leçon - Grammaire :- Lesphrases à l’ Imparfait - Les phrases au Future

UNIT – V COMPOSITION
A écrire une lettre de regret// refus à un ami concernant l’invitation d’une célébration reçue-A écrire un essai sur un sujet générale - A lire le passage etrépondre aux questions

TOTAL : 30H
TEXT BOOK


REFERENCE BOOKS


SEMESTER – V
Course Objective: This course will pursue civil litigation through appellate courts examining the corrective steps available in civil proceedings. Appellate litigation strategies and choice of grounds for appellate / revision petitions are studied in the context of provisions of the C.P.C. and rules of civil practice. Drafting exercises will form a major part of the course. Continuing the study of civil procedure, the course also involves the study on execution of decrees and orders of court and the procedures laid down for it. This course also deals with the law of limitation as applicable to civil proceedings.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION

Civil Procedure Code Introduction- Distinction Between Procedural Law and Substantive Law – History of the Code-Extent and its Application-Definition- Suits- Jurisdiction of the Civil Courts – Kinds of Jurisdiction – Bar on Suits – Suits of Civil Nature (Sec.9)- Doctrine of Res Sub Judice and Res Judicata (Sec. 10, 11 and 12)- Foreign Judgment (Sec. 13, 14)- Place of Suits (Ss. 15 to 20)- Transfer of Cases (Ss. 22 to 25).

UNIT – II SUITS AND SUMMONS

Institution of Suits and Summons (Sec. 26, 0.4 and Sec. 27, 28, 31 and O.5)- Interest and Costs (Sec. 34, 35, 35A, B)- Pleading: Fundamental Rules of Pleadings – Plaintiff and Written Statement – Return and Rejection of Plaintiff – Defences – Set off – Counter Claim- Parties to the Suit (O. 1)- Joinder-Misjoinder and Non – Joinder of Parties – Misjoinder of Causes of Action – Multifariousness.

UNIT – III PROCEDURES OF APPEARANCE AND EXAMINATION

Suits by or Against Governments (Sec. 79 to 82, O.27)- Suits by Aliens and by or Against Foreign Rulers, Ambassadors (Sec. 85 to 87)- Suits Relating to Public Matters (Sec. 91 to 93)- Suits by or Against Firms (O.30)- Suits by or Against Minors and Unsound Persons (O.32)- Suits by Indigent Persons (O.33)- Inter – Plead Suits (Sec. 88, O.35)- Interim Orders- Commissions (Sec. 75, O.26 )- Arrest Before Judgment and Attachments Before Judgment ( O.38 )- Temporary Injunctions (O.39)- Appointment of Receivers (O.40)- Appeals (Ss. 90 to 109, O.41, 42, 43, 45 )- Reference – Review and Revision (Ss. 113, 114, 115, O.46, O.46)- Caveat ( Sec. 144.A )– Inherent Powers of the Court ( Ss. 148, 149, 151 ).

UNIT – V LIMITATIONS ACT, 1963

Definitions– Suits- Appeals & Application (Ss. 3-11)-Computation of Period of Limitation (Ss. 12-24)- Acquisition of Ownership by Possession (Ss. 25-27).

TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS


REFERENCE BOOKS

Course Objective: The course on Criminal Procedure Code is aimed at driving the students how the pre-trial, trial and the subsequent process are geared up to make the administration of criminal justice effective. The course will acquaint the student with organisation of the functionaries under the Code, their power and functions at various stages and the procedure according to which these powers and functions are to be exercised.

UNIT – I DEFINITIONS AND AUTHORITIES UNDER THE CODE


UNIT – II ARREST OF PERSONS AND PRE TRIAL PROCESS


UNIT – III FAIR TRIAL AND PRELIMINARY PLEAS TO BAR THE TRIAL

Jurisdiction of Criminal Courts in Inquiries and Trials (Section 177-189); Conception of Fair Trial - Presumption of Innocence – Venue of Trial- Right of the Accused to Know the Accusation (section 221- 224) and Accusation be held in the Accused’s Presence- Right of Cross- Examination and Offering Evidence in Defence-The Accused Statement- Right to Speedy Trial; Time Limitations- Rationale and Scope (section 468 - 473)- Pleas of Autrefois Acquit and Autrefois Convict (Section 300).

UNIT – IV CHARGE AND TRIAL PROCEDURE

Charge (Section 211-224)- General Provisions as to Enguries and Trials- The Judgement and Sentences Under the Code: Submission of Death Sentence for Confirmation With Emphasis on Referred Trial- Appeals- Reference and Revision- Transfer of Criminal Cases- Execution- Suspension and Comutation of Sentences: Death Sentence- Imprisonment with Emphasis on
Default Sentence- Levy of Fine- General Provisions Regarding Execution- Suspension- Remission and Commutation of Sentences- Inherent Powers of the High Court and Power of Superintendence by High Court over Judicial Magistrates.

UNIT – V   JUVENILE JUSTICE ACT, PROBATION OF OFFENDERS ACT AND PREVENTIVE PROVISIONS IN THE CODE 15


TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS


REFERENCE BOOKS


**Course Objective:** This course helps the students to understand the various characteristics of Administrative Law. It enables the students to acquire knowledge about the body of law that governs the administration and regulation of government agencies. The student acquires knowledge on the administrative functions and the manner in which it is implemented by the administrators for an able government.

**UNIT – I INTRODUCTION**


**UNIT – II DELEGATED LEGISLATION**


**UNIT – III ADMINISTRATIVE FUNCTIONS**


**UNIT – IV PRINCIPLES OF NATURAL JUSTICE AND ADMINISTRATIVE TRIBUNALS**


**UNIT– V ADMINISTRATIVE LAW AND JUDICIARY**


**TOTAL: 75H**
TEXT BOOKS


REFERENCE BOOKS


Course Objective: The course is designed to understand the formation, management and other activities of the companies. In view of the important developments that have taken place in the corporate sector, the new Companies Act, 2013 have come into force. This course aims to impart the students, the corporate management, control, possible abuses, the remedies and government regulation of corporate business and winding up of companies.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION

Meaning of Company- Essential Characteristics- Corporate Personality- Forms of Corporate and Non- Corporate Organisations- Public and Private Sector- Functions and Accountability of Companies-Recent Amendments.


UNIT – II SHAREHOLDERS AND DIRECTORS

Shares- General Principles- Share Certificate and its Objects- Transfer of Shares- Restrictions on Transfer- Relationship Between Transferor and Transfers- Issue of Shares at Premium and Discount, Shareholder- Who can be and who cannot be- Forfeiture and Surrender of Shares- Lien on Shares, Share Capital- Kinds- Alteration and Reduction of Share Capital.


UNIT – III DIVIDENDS, DEBENTURES, BORROWING POWERS

UNIT – IV MAJORITY RULE AND OTHER ALLIED ASPECTS

Majority Rule: Protection of Minority Rights, Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement, Who can Apply- When he can Apply- Powers of the Court and of the Central Government.


UNIT – V WINDING UP


TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS

2. ICSI, Companies Act 2013, Institute of Company Secretary of India, 2013.

REFERENCE BOOKS

Course Objective: This course aims to study the existing (copyright, patent, trademark and designs) and emerging (computer software) forms of intellectual property in terms of Indian law and policy as well as new international demands and trends. Besides, the course will examine the philosophical foundations of recognizing intellectual property rights, its relation with public interest and socio-economic development and the demands of equity and compulsions of international trade.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION


UNIT – II SELECTED ASPECTS OF THE LAW OF COPYRIGHT IN INDIA

Historical Evolution of the Copyright Law – Meaning of Copyright - Copyright in Literacy-Dramatic and Musical Works – Copyright in Sound Records and Cinematograph Films – Ownership of Copyright – Assignment and License - Copyright Authorities - Infringement of Copyright and Remedies Including Anton PillorInjunctive Relief in India.

UNIT – III TRADEMARKS


UNIT – IV PATENTS

UNIT – V MISCELLANEOUS


TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: The phrase ‘Media Law’ can be defined as laws that regulate the activities of the Media. There is no country in the world where there are no media or press laws or where the press is not expected to operate within the ambit of the law. However, given the fact that freedom of the press is an essential requirement for democracy like India, the laws governing the press are those which only seek to protect the fundamental rights of individuals and ensure the maintenance of peace and tranquility. Such laws are the laws of defamation, sedition, copyright, plagiarism, privacy, etc. Thus, the aim of this Course is to make the students understand about the various facets of Media Law and its impact on the society.

UNIT – I MEDIA & PUBLIC POLICY

Disseminating the Facets of Media – Understanding the Concept of Media- History of Media, Theories of Media and Evolution of Media.


UNIT – II MEDIA IN THE CONSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK


UNIT – III MEDIA- REGULATORY FRAMEWORK


UNIT – IV CONVERGENCE & NEW MEDIA

Opening of Airwaves – Public Policy Issues on Airwaves- Community Radio Advocacy- Telegraph Act and Broadcast Interface.
The New Media of Internet – Evolution of Internet as New Media- Regulating the Internet- I.T. Act of 2000 and Media- Convergence Bill (to be enacted)- Regulatory Commissions of New Media- Indian Telegraph Act of 1885.

UNIT – V MEDIA- ADVERTISEMENT & LAW


TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: The United Nations Commission on International Trade Law (UNCITRAL) was established by the United Nations General Assembly "to promote the progressive harmonization and unification of international trade law". The aim of this Course is to give the students a preliminary insight about the working of UNCITRAL and the various Model Laws published by the Organization.

UNIT – I  UNCITRAL & INTERNATIONAL TRADE – AN INTRODUCTION

What is UNCITRAL – Its Role- Mandate- Membership- Constitution and Functions- UNCITRAL and Other International Organisations- The Need for International Legal Regulation in the Context of Conflict of Laws- The Function of International Treaties- Conventions and Model Codes- The Role of UNCITRAL in the Promotion and Regulation of International Trade.

UNIT – II  ORGANIZATION AND METHODS OF WORK

UNCITRAL (the Commission)- Working Groups – Participation at Sessions of UNCITRAL and its Working Groups- Secretariat.

UNIT – III  WORK OF UNCITRAL


UNIT – IV  UNCITRAL MODEL LAW ON INTERNATIONAL COMMERCIAL ARBITRATION

UNIT – V  UNCITRAL – INSOLVENCY LAWS AND SALE OF GOODS


TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS


REFERENCE BOOKS

Course Objective: This course provides an introduction to the legal foundations of health care in India. The course is designed to identify and analyse legal issues in health care. The content of this course addresses health law- international and national perspective and relationship between health law and medical ethics.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION


UNIT – II HEALTH LAW AND INTERNATIONAL PERSPECTIVE


UNIT – III HEALTH LAW AND INDIAN CONSTITUTION


UNIT – IV HEALTH AND OTHER LAWS

UNIT – V HEALTH LAW AND MEDICAL ETHICS

Principles of Medical Ethics- Autonomy- Board of Medical Ethics by Medical Council of India- Ethical Guidance for Research- Deontological Utilitarian Theories.

TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
SEMESTER – VI
Course Objective: The drafting of pleadings is an art. It demands a high degree of professional skill and professional knowledge, expertise and experience. It must be borne in mind that the rules of pleadings are intended to regulate the business and procedures of the court. This course is aimed at equipping the students to do drafting of pleadings and documents on their own with confidence, without any hesitation when they enter the lawyer's profession. In conveyancing, drafting of documents like Sale Deeds, Lease Deeds, Mortgage Deeds, Agreements, Service Contracts, etc. will be discussed. The related provisions of Stamp Act and Registration Act along with the provisions of the Transfer of Property Act and other enactments will also be made part of the class discussions.

UNIT – I  FUNDAMENTAL RULES OF PLEADINGS


UNIT – II  CIVIL PLEADINGS


UNIT – III  GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF CRIMINAL PLEADINGS

UNIT – IV CONVEYANCING


UNIT – V PUBLIC INTEREST LITIGATION PETITION

Drafting of Writ Petition and Public Interest Litigation Petition Under Articles 32 and 226 of Indian Constitution – Concurrent Jurisdiction of the High Court and Supreme Court.

TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS


REFERENCE BOOKS


Course Objective: Professions are noble. The movement of all professions, hitherto, has been from chaos to organization, organization to consolidation and consolidation to autonomy and monopoly. Same is true of the law profession also. The course is designed to imbue students with these high values forming the basis of the profession so that they can live up to those standards in their professional life.

UNIT – I THE LEGAL PROFESSION AND ITS RESPONSIBILITIES


UNIT – II DUTIES TOWARDS THE Court and SOCIETY

Duty to the Court - Duty to the Profession - Duty to the Opponent - Duty to the Client - Duty to the Self- Duty to the Public and the State- Duties to Render Legal Aid- Difference Between Duty and Interest.

UNIT – III CONTEMPT OF COURT


UNIT – IV PROFESSIONAL AND OTHER MISCONDUCT


UNIT – V ACCOUNTANCY FOR LAWYERS


TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: Today alternative disputes resolution systems have become more relevant than before both at local, national and international levels. Certain of the disputes, by nature are fit to be resolved through specific method of resolution. Each of these dispute resolution systems involves different style of planning and execution. The skills involved are also different as also preparation. This course trains the students in ADRs. The course teacher shall administer simulation exercises for each of the methods.

UNIT – I Introduction to ALTERNATE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (ADR) 15


UNIT – II ARBITRATION 15


UNIT – III CONCILIATION 15

UNIT – IV NEGOTIATION


UNIT – V MEDIATION

Meaning - Qualities of Mediator - Role of Mediator - Essential Characteristics of the Mediation Process – Voluntary, Collaborative, Controlled, Confidential, Informal, Impartial and Neutral, Self-Responsible - Different Models of Mediation - Code of Conduct for Mediators- Ethical Issues in Mediation- Mediation in India, Institutions, Their Role.

TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS


REFERENCE BOOKS


**Course Objective:** This course is designed to hone advocacy skills in the students. Moot Courts are simulation exercises geared up to endow students with facility in preparation of written submissions and planning, organising and marshalling arguments in the given time so as to convince the presiding officer. The students should familiarize themselves with the various stages of trial in civil and criminal cases. They should be exposed to real court experience. Further they should imbibe the skills of client interviewing. This component may be planned to be part of the internship.

**UNIT – I INTRODUCTION**  
Scope and Importance - A Brief Idea on What a Moot Court is All About - The Benefits of Going for Moot Court Competitions - How it Works To have a General Knowledge on the Different Aspects of Law- Sources of Law – Statute, Precedents, Customs , Treatise, Logic and Reasoning - Hierarchy of Courts - Different Kinds of Courts.

**UNIT – II RESEARCH LIBRARY**  

**UNIT – III MODE OF CITATIONS**  
The Blue Book Citations- How to Read Case Laws.

**UNIT – IV MEMORIAL**  
How to Approach a Problem - Identifying the Issues Using Different Resource Authorities to Substantiate the Arguments Framed for Both Sides - How to Quote Cases and Other Authorities in the Memorial - Bibliography.

**UNIT – V ORAL PRESENTATION**  
Language- Court Manners- Citing Authorities - Appearance Emphasis on the Law - Thorough Knowledge of the Facts - Application of the Facts to the Question Asked.

**TOTAL: 75H**
TEXT BOOKS


REFERENCE BOOKS


Course Objective: This course offers a specialist understanding of criminal policies including theories of punishment, their supposed philosophical and sociological justifications and the problem of exercise of discretion in sentencing. In addition the course introduces students to the discipline of victimology which will shift the study from accused centric approach to much needed victim centric approach.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

UNIT – II PUNISHMENT OF OFFENDERS
Discarded Modes of Punishment: Corporal Punishment- Whipping and Flogging- Mutilation and Branding- Transportation Exile- Public Execution- Punishments Under the Indian Criminal Law: Capital Punishment- Imprisonment- Fine- Cancellation or Withdrawl of Licences etc.


UNIT – III TREATMENT AND CORRECTION OF OFFENDERS
Need for Reformation- Rehabilitation- Classification of Offenders- Participation of Inmates in Community Services- Role of Psychiatrists- Social Workers- Vocational and Religious Education- Group Counselling and Re-Socialization Programme.

UNIT – IV RE-SOCIALIZATION PROCESS
UNIT – V VICTIM REDRESSEL MECHANISM


TOTAL: 75H

TEXT BOOKS


REFERENCE BOOKS

Course Objective: It is necessary to introduce students to the laws that are designed from time to time in keeping with the policy of the government to prevent unfair trade competition and protection of consumers. These laws have changed over a period of time in accordance with the demands of changing times. The laws are to be geared up to pass on the benefit of competition to consumers. These laws are to be reviewed and appreciated in this course.

UNIT – I CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS

UNIT– II FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION ACT

UNIT – III THE COMPETITION ACT, 2002
Preliminary- Prohibition of Certain Agreements- Abuse of Dominant Position and Regulation of Combinations.

UNIT– IV COMPETITION COMMISSION OF INDIA
Objectives of the Commission- Composition of the Commission- Duties- Powers and Functions of the Commission- Notable Cases.

UNIT – V DUTIES OF DIRECTOR GENERAL
Penalties- Competition Advocacy- Important Judgments of the Supreme Court.

TOTAL: 75H
TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS
Course Objective: The need to study gender justice as a special subject is because the constitutional guarantees have not achieved the necessary results. The Constitution guarantees equality of status and opportunity and no discrimination inter alia on ground of sex. The course will concentrate on gender perspectives and study impact of legal provisions on patriarchal values.

UNIT – I GENDER JUSTICE UNDER THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA


UNIT – II GENDER JUSTICE AND INTERNATIONAL APPROACH


UNIT – III GENDER JUSTICE AND PERSONAL LAWS


UNIT – IV GENDER JUSTICE AND CRIMINAL LAW

UNIT – V FEMINIST JURISPRUDENCE

Women Empowerment as a Social Change- Role of Law in Empowering Women- Feminism and Feminist Jurisprudence- Emergence- Different Theories of Feminism and Feminist Jurisprudence- Distinction Between Sex (Nature) and Gender (Culture)- Concept of Gender Justice- Gender Discrimination- Gender Equality.

TOTAL: 75 H

TEXT BOOKS

REFERENCE BOOKS